

KNOWINGLY PERMITTING ONE TO OPERATE A VEHICLE WITHOUT A LICENSE--GENERAL
PROVISION. G.S. 20-34.¹

The motor vehicle law provides that no person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle [owned by *him*] [under *his* control] to be operated by any person in violation of the motor vehicle laws.²

Authorizing or knowingly permitting a person without a license to operate a motor vehicle is negligence within itself.

However, a finding of such negligence does not alone establish a causal connection between it and [the collision] [(*describe other occurrence*)]. Such negligence would not be a proximate cause if the operation of the vehicle was otherwise in accordance with the duties imposed by law.³

¹See also N.C.P.I.--Civil 220.21.

²G.S. 20-34 provides: "No person shall authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle owned by him or under his control to be driven by any person who has no legal right to do so or in violation of any of the provisions of this article." (Emphasis supplied.)

³See Hoke v. Greyhound Corp., 226 N.C. 692, 40 S.E.2d 345 (1946).

